## YouGov



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Sample} & \text{1000 Adult Interviews} \\ \text{Conducted} & \text{October 15 - 19, 2015} \\ \text{Margin of Error} & \pm 4.1\% \end{array}$ 

1. Do you think the United States made a mistake sending troops to fight in Afghanista	เท?
Yes	
2. Do you think the United States has won or lost the war in Afghanistan?	
Won       12%         Lost       36%         Not sure       52%	
3. Do you think the United States could have won the war in Afghanistan with a c strategy, or do you think any strategy would probably have failed?  Asked of those who think the US has lost the war or are not sure if the US has won or lost the war	different
The U.S. could have won with a different strategy	
4. Which of these do you think is most likely?	
Afghanistan will become a stable democracy in the next year or two	

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5. Are Afghan civilians better off today than they were when the war in Afghanistan began?

Definitely yes	. 7%
Probably yes	25%
Probably no	28%
Definitely no	10%
Not sure	30%

6. All American troops except for Embassy guards had been scheduled to leave the country by the end of 2016. Wednesday morning, the administration announced that 5,500 American soldiers will remain in Afghanistan through 2017. Do you approve or disapprove of this decision?

Strongly approve13	3%
Somewhat approve	6%
Somewhat disapprove	2%
Strongly disapprove16	6%
Not sure	2%

7. Do you think that the Afghan government is capable of defeating the Taliban without American soldiers being involved in combat?

Definitely2%
Probably9%
Probably not
Definitely not
Not sure

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Interviewing Dates October 15 - 19, 2015

**Target population** U.S. adults, aged 18 and over.

Sampling method Respondents were selected from YouGov's opt-in Internet

panel using sample matching. A random sample (stratified by age, gender, race, education, and region) was selected from the 2010 American Community Study. Voter registration was imputed from the November 2010 Current Population Survey Registration and Voting Supplement. Religion, minor party identification, and non-placement on an ideology scale, were imputed from the

2008 Pew Religion in American Life Survey.

Weighting The sample was weighted using propensity scores based

on age, gender, race, education, voter registration, and non-placement on an ideology scale. The weights range from 0.15 to 4.075, with a mean of one and a standard

deviation of 0.855.

Number of respondents 1000

**Margin of error**  $\pm$  4.1% (adjusted for weighting)

Survey mode Web-based interviews

**Questions not reported** 20 questions not reported.